

The Cairo



Bulletin.

BY JOHN H. OBERLY & CO.

CAIRO, ILLINOIS, NOVEMBER 21, 1870.

ONLY DAILY PAPER IN EGYPT.

The Bulletin. MONDAY.

WE understand that Col. Brown gives it as his individual opinion that he is not eligible to a seat in the Legislature. He adds, however, that before accepting the nomination he was advised by lawyers, to whose opinions he deferred, that he had not lost his residence in the Second district, and could not be kept out of his seat, if elected.

It is quite probable that the lawyers in question had forgotten that we are living under a new constitution.

THE vote cast in Pulaski county for Hon. N. R. Casey, Democratic candidate for the Legislature, and John W. Carter, Democratic candidate for Sheriff, speaks well for the popularity of those gentlemen where they are best known. Although the Radical majority for the State ticket reached 190 votes, the majority thrown against Mr. Casey was only 108, and against Mr. Carter 84. Of the 900 white men who voted in the county, Messrs. Casey and Carter received the support of 700, and we are assured that these 700 represent seven-eighths of all the taxable property of the county.

THE Temperance, or Prohibition party, is mighty in professions, but weak in practice. In Pulaski county the members of that party went through all the ceremony of nominating candidates for the Legislature and offices of Sheriff and Coroner—put good men in the field, and then refused to support them. Of the three hundred prohibitionists of the county, only twenty-one voted for their candidate for the Legislature, thirty-seven for their candidate for Sheriff and nineteen for their candidate for Coroner. Practice so much at variance with profession, is not calculated to inspire confidence in the zeal of prohibitionists manifest, and will, inevitably bring reproach upon the organization. In five of the eight precincts in the county, the Prohibition candidate for the Legislature didn't receive a single vote.

THE majority for Col. Crebs in the Thirteenth Congressional district is 1591 votes, being 1086 votes more than his majority two years ago over General Baum.

THE Radicals claim that they polled 2,500 negro votes. As one-half that number were polled in Alexander, Pulaski and Jackson counties, the claim is well grounded. As Col. Crebs' majority two years ago furnished an off-set for only 500 of these votes, the fact is apparent that the Democracy gained two thousand votes by which they off-set the remainder, and 1,591, which stand as Col. Crebs' majority, being a total gain of 3,586 votes! If the per cent. of gain in the other Congressional districts had been as great, we should now be triumphing over the defeat of the entire Radical State ticket, and the complete redemption of Illinois.

RUSSIA AND ENGLAND.
The two articles of the Paris treaty of April, 1856, which Russia now proposes to disregard, are the following:

"ART. 11. The Black Sea is neutralized. While open to the mercantile marine of all nations, its waters and ports are formally and in perpetuity interdicted to vessels of war, whether belonging to nations having territory bordering on it or otherwise."

"ART. 13. The Black Sea being neutralized by a foregoing provision, Russia and Turkey engage neither to construct nor maintain any naval or military arsenal upon its coast."

By these articles, it is seen that the chief maritime outlet of Russia is effectually closed. The Baltic sea is almost as completely sealed up by the Danish islands as the Black sea is by the Paris treaty. The Black sea, penetrating into the heart of Russia is, as a cotemporary remarks, a highway of priceless value for commercial and naval purposes. It furnishes some of the best seaports in Europe, where navies equal to any afloat, might be built and maintained; but one of the results of the Crimean war was the imposition of restraints upon Russia, that not only denied her the free use of these waters,

but placed her sea port towns at the mercy of any maritime power of the world. That she should grow restive under such iron restraint was to be expected, and no one is surprised that, taking advantage of the weakness of France, (one of the parties to the treaty) she has determined to assert her right to the unrestricted use of waters so essential to her safety and prosperity.

DEMOCRATIC APATHY.

Quite a number of our Democratic exchanges express surprise and indignation at the apathy of the Democrats in their respective neighborhoods. The *Saline county Register* says that more than one hundred Democrats of that county stayed away from the polls, some of them urging the hopeless aspect of the campaign, some an excuse and some another.

The same paper takes the Democracy of White county in hand for the same reason. More than two hundred Democrats there, failed to vote. Col. Crebs was promised 1,000 majority in White, and a full Democratic vote would have made good the promise. The Colonel's majority, however, was only 783.

The *Mount City Journal* takes the Democracy of Pulaski county to task on the same score. It is evident, says that paper, that from 150 to 200 white voters, mostly Democrats, remained away from the polls. Some of them "wouldn't vote with the negro;" others thought "it was no use." Had a full vote been polled, Doctor Casey would have carried the county, and Mr. Carter would have been elected Sheriff.

The *Springfield Register* complains of the want of zeal and industry on the part of the Democrats of Adams county. Three hundred Democrats of that county did not vote. The result of this neglect is the defeat of a Democratic candidate for Congress by forty-one votes.

While it is undoubtedly true that in some instances these reproaches are deserved, it is also true that the Democracy of the State, as a whole, did nobly. Had we polled as large a vote as we did in 1868 we would have elected our entire State ticket by several thousand majority, but we have much to be thankful for anyhow. The result shows that Illinois is rapidly returning to her ancient moorings, and that in 1872 she will cast her vote, for the first time in sixteen years, for the Democratic candidate for president of the United States.

DISAFFECTION OF THE CHICAGO TRIBUNE.

The "disaffection," of the *Chicago Tribune* is giving the "lesser lights" in the field of Radical journalism a vast deal of trouble and uneasiness. The *Detroit Post* charges to the *Tribune's* account all the disasters that have recently befallen the Radical party. Hear it:

The *Chicago Tribune* has been doing its worst to break up the Republican party ever since the impeachment of Andrew Johnson, when it became the especial champion of the seven Senators who voted with the Democrats for acquittal, and was deeply disgraced because the Republican National Convention refused to endorse its course. Of late, besides its endeavors to split the party by means of its free trade theories, it has been assailing the administration and Congress, and the party on all sorts of pretexts. Hardly a Democratic journal has made more bitter attacks upon President Grant. Wherever the *Chicago Tribune* has circulated largely during the past year, it has injured the Republican party. To its influence and the influence of its free trade allies, are largely due the Republican disasters in the West, the defeat of Gen. Schenck in Ohio, the loss of two or three Congressmen in Illinois, etc., and so on. If "every one knows that this is true," then everybody must know that the *Tribune's* assertion in the same paragraph, that "the *Tribune* has gone over to the enemy and carried nobody with it," is not true.

The *Post* is a very respectable sheet, but if it would convince its readers that the disaffection of the *Tribune* is of no consequence, it must not, in the same breath, seek to hold that journal responsible for the loss of the State of Indiana and for the general demoralization of the Radical party! The *Post's* malignity plays havoc with its consistency.

THE "VAGABOND."

BY A FAVORITE CONTRIBUTOR.

One upon an evening breeze,
While I sat me dreaming away,
In the sunshine, thinking—
Things that passed in days of yore:
While I nodded, nearly sleeping,
Sudden came a something creeping,
Creeping upward from the floor,
"It is a vagabond," I muttered,
"From the regions 'neath the door."
Only this, and nothing more.

Ah! distinctly I remember
It was in that wet September,
When the earth and every member
Of creation that I bore,
Had for weeks and months been soaking
In the moisture, from the soaking
Foggy rain that, without jaking,
We had ever seen before.
So I knew it must be very
Cold and damp beneath the door—
Very cold beneath the door.

So I sat me, nodding, sleeping,
In the sunshine, thinking, dreaming,
With the breeze from 'neath the door,
Till I felt me growing cooler,
And the something creeping,
And I awoke, feeling shivering,
And I knew it must be very
Cold and damp beneath the door—
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And I sat me, nodding, sleeping,
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occasion for impeding the ministry, too tempting to be neglected; hence every Tory newspaper is set to crying "War!" and every independent in England is encouraged to denounce the inactivity of the government. Perhaps this is to result in forcing the ministry into making war on Russia. If so, the Tory party of England will bear the responsibility of a bloody war, which can do their country no good, and may work its ruin, while it crimson the southern seas with blood.

The attitude assumed by Russia seems every day more reasonable. She complains justly that while she has been forced to observe a treaty that prohibits the naval use of her only valuable seaports, other nations are constantly disregarding the obligations imposed by the treaty on themselves. While she is forbidden to station war vessels on the Black Sea, England and France crowd the mouth of that sea with their menacing fleets. In several instances overt violations of the treaty have been made, and, as a whole, war fleets allowed to pass the entrance. Moreover, Wallachia and Moldavia, instead of preserving the neutrality enjoined by that same treaty, have been suffered to pass under the sovereignty of a foreign prince. The making Charles of Hohenzollern prince over the Danubian principalities has been, in fact, a severe thorn in the side of Russia. That she now demands an abrogation of a treaty so little observed, is but reasonable, that she determines to openly disregard it, is hardly censurable. Certainly, there is in it no just cause for war.

But if the Tory enemies of England's welfare shall force war, or if Austria shall become the aggressor and drag England into the trouble, Russia will be found a formidable enemy. For years past she has had the best arms and most ingenious war inventions that our American arsenals could furnish her. Reforms and improvements have made a new civil state of the Russia that was vanquished in the Crimean war. Strong, well armed, vigorous and healthy in government, Russia will make Europe run red with war, if the unjust issue is forced home upon her.

A Prussian Scare.

The New York *World's* special says: "Private letters from Versailles say that the position of the Germans has become extremely critical, and alarm prevails among all who understand the situation. The King would return at once to Berlin, but it was not considered safe to permit him to depart without a large escort, which could not be spared, as he would be exposed to the attacks of the forces of the army of the Loire, that intrenchments are being thrown up in the rear and banks of the German positions around Paris. Officers of high rank at Versailles declare that the Germans find themselves beleaguered, and other letters state that a transformation in the situation has occurred. The French people are changing depression and fear into confidence and bravery. Immense supplies of rifles and Armstrong guns are in their hands, and the number of their armies are constantly increasing. In short, everything promises a complete turning of the tables, and the utter annihilation of the invaders."

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